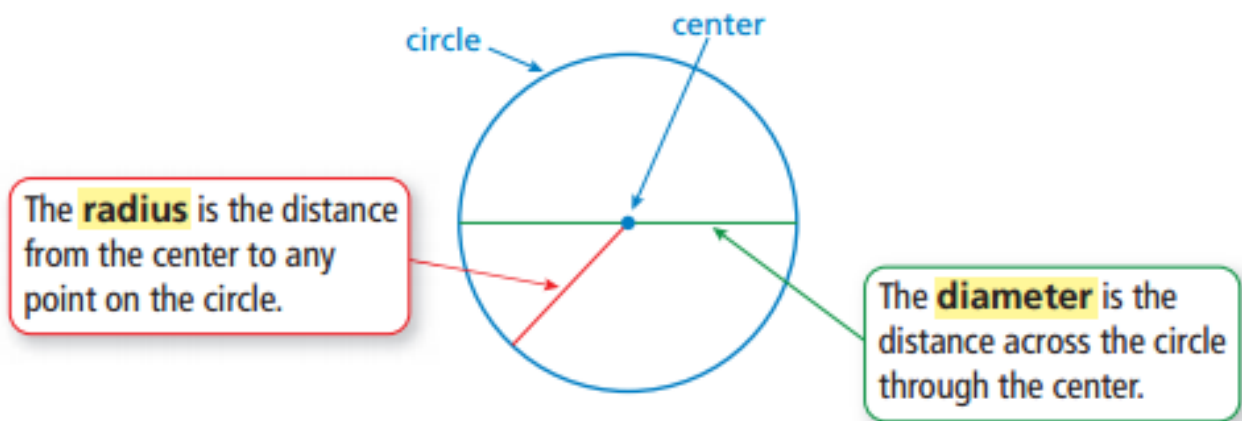


Circles

Circle: the set of all points in a plane that are the same distance from a point called the center.

Radius: the distance from the center to any point on the circle.

Diameter: the distance across the circle through the center.

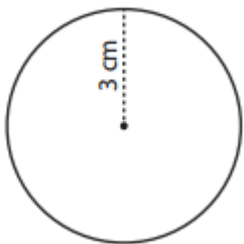


Area of Circle: the space that is taken up inside a figure.

$$A = \pi r^2$$

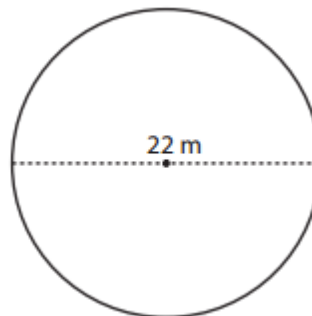
$$\text{Area} = \pi \times \text{radius}^2$$

Example 1:



$$\begin{aligned} A &= \pi r^2 \\ A &= (3.14)(3)^2 \\ A &= (3.14)(9) \\ A &= 28.26 \text{ cm}^2 \end{aligned}$$

Example 2:



$$\begin{aligned} A &= \pi r^2 \\ A &= (3.14)(11)^2 \\ A &= (3.14)(121) \\ A &= 379.94 \text{ m}^2 \end{aligned}$$

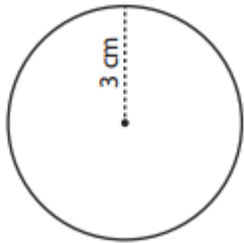
Circumference of Circle: the distance around a circle.

$$C = \pi d$$

or

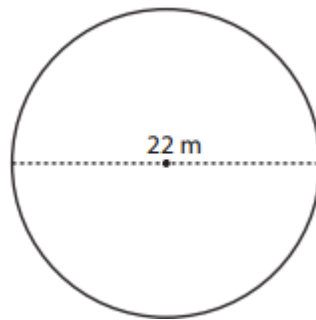
$$C = 2\pi r$$

Example 1:



$$\begin{aligned}C &= \pi d \\C &= (3.14)(6) \\C &= 18.84 \text{ cm}\end{aligned}$$

Example 2:



$$\begin{aligned}C &= \pi d \\C &= (3.14)(22) \\C &= 69.08 \text{ m}\end{aligned}$$