🖄 OPEN·UP

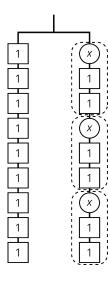
Unit 6, Lesson 8: Reasoning about Solving Equations (Part 2)

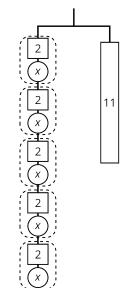
1. Here is a hanger:

° x

- a. Write an equation to represent the hanger.
- b. Solve the equation by reasoning about the equation or the hanger. Explain your reasoning.

- 2. Explain how each part of the equation 9 = 3(x + 2) is represented in the hanger.
 - 9 • 3 • x + 2• 3(x + 2)• the equal sign
- 3. Select the word from the following list that best describes each situation.





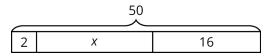


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AME	DATE	PERIOD
A. Tax		You deposit money in a savings account, and every year the amount of money in the
B. Commission		account increases by 2.5%.
C. Discount		For every car sold, a car salesman is paid 6% of the car's price.
D. Markup		
E. Tip or gratuity		Someone who eats at a restaurant pays an extra 20% of the food price. This extra money is kept by the person who served the
F. Interest		food.
		An antique furniture store pays \$200 for a chair, adds 50% of that amount, and sells the chair for \$300.
		The normal price of a mattress is \$600, but it is on sale for 10% off.
		For any item you purchase in Texas, you pay an additional 6.25% of the item's price to the state government.

(from Unit 4, Lesson 11)

4. Clare drew this diagram to match the equation 2x + 16 = 50, but she got the wrong solution as a result of using this diagram.



- a. What value for *x* can be found using the diagram?
- b. Show how to fix Clare's diagram to correctly match the equation.
- c. Use the new diagram to find a correct value for *x*.

NAME

DATE

PERIOD

d. Explain the mistake Clare made when she drew her diagram.

(from Unit 6, Lesson 3)