

NAME \_\_\_\_\_

DATE \_\_\_\_\_

PERIOD \_\_\_\_\_

## Lesson 13 Summary

We use inequalities to describe a range of numbers. In many places, you are allowed to get a driver's license when you are at least 16 years old. When checking if someone is old enough to get a license, we want to know if their age is at least 16. If  $h$  is the age of a person, then we can check if they are allowed to get a driver's license by checking if their age makes the inequality  $h > 16$  (they are older than 16) or the equation  $h = 16$  (they are 16) true. The symbol  $\geq$ , pronounced "greater than or equal to," combines these two cases and we can just check if  $h \geq 16$  (their age is greater than or equal to 16). The inequality  $h \geq 16$  can be represented on a number line:

